# 666/999

## 5G and the Mark of the Beast and the UPC Code Part 6

This segment will address the deeper details of the Revelation text dealing with **"666"** in a planned thorough analysis of the "Mark" of the Beast. When finished there should be no doubts to the depth and meaning of the phrase. This is important because critics who want to protect the guilty will attempt to refute, obfuscate, or confuse through word games. Today, few pastors are trained in either Biblical Hebrew or Biblical Greek, and this lack of training in the nuances of the Biblical languages works against Biblical literacy. There is a lot of New Age disinformation on the internet about **"666"** and Christians need to be informed of the real meaning and significance.

#### The REAL ID Act

#### The Mark of the Beast, Happening Now

No matter who you meet, if you say, **"666,"** all of the sudden, they know what you are talking about. There is coming a time when every person will have to receive a mark or a number, without which you will not be able to fly in a commercial aircraft, enter a federal building, drive a car, open a bank account, receive health care, or hold a job. The technology is already in place. It is happening right now.

Economic, political, and religious conformity can now be enforced with technology which is already available. Just as the UN pressures "rogue states" into conforming through economic sanctions, a one-world political system, a one-world economy, and a one-world religion will also be enforced through individual economic sanctions.

"And he causeth all, both small and great, rich and poor, free and bond, to receive a mark in their right hand, or in their foreheads: And that no man might buy or sell, save he that had the mark, or the name of the beast, or the number of his name." -(Revelation 13:16-17)

The Cashless Society is almost here. "If the cashless society is ushered in," writes Patrick Henningsen of Global Research, "they have near complete control over the lives of individual people."

With the arrival of the Cashless Society, Satan will counterfeit true worship when the False Prophet, under penalty of death, requires everyone to worship the "Beast," the Antichrist. Mankind will be required to surrender all, including all financial transactions. In a cashless society, no one will be in jail for bank robbery because there will be nothing to steal. Also, a

cashless society is very attractive to the IRS, because, if the government has records of everything you do, it will be able to withdraw taxes from your income before you have a chance to spend it.

Will You Take the Mark? Revelation chapter 14 tells us that whoever receives the mark of the Beast, *"shall drink of the wine of the wrath of God."* The mark is a permanent designation of ownership applied to your forehead or right hand. Anyone who takes the mark will be eternally lost. It is the mark of eternal destruction. In the digital age to come, the enforcement of financial obligations will not be difficult because failure to pay up could be disastrous. Your account could be cut off, making you a non-person for not paying your bills, for refusing to join the global financial system.

What Will the "Mark of the Beast" Be Like? <u>You cannot get the Mark of the Beast</u> <u>accidentally</u>. You will have to make a conscious choice to receive it. You will have to mean it. The future attribute screening technology mobile module enables the Department of Homeland Security to collect video images, audio recordings and psychophysiological measurements to get into the minds of potential terrorists, with the ability to detect the "intent to do harm."

But why wouldn't you consciously take the mark? After all, you will be pledging your allegiance, dedicating your whole life to the most attractive, charismatic dictator the world has ever known. The False Prophet will make worship of the beast almost irresistible. You will be promised protection, eternal life, peace and prosperity, if you worship the being who claims to be God, and receive his special mark. People will line up to get it. They will be allowed to buy food, water, medicine and clothes. They will feel honored to get it. Most other people will be getting the mark. Will you want to stand out as one of the few holdouts? Taking the mark will seem like the logical, intelligent, patriotic thing to do.

#### Precursors to the Mark

The REAL ID Act requires that Americans produce compliant driver's licenses, as approved federal identification, upon demand. It coerces states into building a national multibillion dollar system for identifying tracking, and controlling law-abiding citizens. Many states have refused to comply because it is an expensive, unfunded federal mandate and a massive invasion of privacy. Although it has repeatedly postponed implementation penalties, the Department of Homeland Security has announced a gradual rollout for enforcing the REAL ID law, beginning January 22, 2018. Kentucky, Maine, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, South Carolina or Washington had not me the deadline extension; however, local pressure was being applied to achieve full compliance.

The Affordable Care Act, often referred to as "Obamacare," implements a national ID system disguised within a "data hub," and a "unique patient identifier" to verify eligibility for health services. Also making its way through Congress, as part of an immigration reform bill, is "E-Verify," a nationally mandated universal biometric ID, which will be required for federal

approval for employment. Concurrently under consideration are similar initiatives to implement enhanced driver's licenses, enhanced social security cards, and biometric and DNA identification databases.

According to Revelation 13:15-18, <u>every person will be forced to have a number</u>, <u>without which, they will be unable to buy or sell</u>. If you want to have a job, you must have a valid, government recognized ID, and be in the global database. No job? No buying or selling. When this system is activated worldwide, the mechanism will be in place for implementation of the Mark of the Beast that was prophesied 2,000 years ago. This is an absolute certainty. It is very important that all of us understand that the Mark of the Beast is not a possibility, it is an absolute certainty. You and I are going to face it. Make sure your name is in the Lamb's Book of Life.

According to Mark Lerner, Co-Founder of the Constitutional Alliance, the Real ID Exposed: It Is Worse than You Think.

"We strongly oppose the Real ID Act 2005, and our reasons go beyond that of other organizations. Our primary reasons for opposing the Real ID Act are four-fold. It is my hope and prayer that you will share a link to our web-site with everyone you are in contact with. You will learn while reading this essay why there is not as big a difference as you have been led to believe between states that are in material compliance with the Real ID Act 2005 and those that are not.

1. The requirement is that states must collect a digital facial image/photograph of all drivers' license applicants that is facial recognition compatible. Until the signing of the Real ID Act 2005 into law many states and territories were still using a low resolution, analog photograph that was not facial recognition compatible. The analog photograph used was not facial recognition compatible because of the very high error rate associated with low resolution photographs when facial recognition software was or is used. It should be noted that a low resolution analog photograph is just as human recognizable on a driver's license as the high resolution digital facial image Real ID calls for.

Prior to the passage of the Real ID Act in 2005 a majority of the states were not using facial recognition technology. Today the number is roughly 35 states that are using facial recognition technology.

Facial recognition software/technology maps your face measuring the distances between key facial characteristics such as your lips, ears, nose and eyes. These distances, we are told, are unique to each person in the same way that we are told that our fingerprints are unique to each of us.

2. The Real ID Act gives the DHS (Department of Homeland Security) unprecedented power by allowing the Secretary of DHS to solely determine for what "Official Purposes"

citizens must present a Real ID materially compliant driver's license. While there are three such official purposes today Download DHS (department of homeland security) Real ID Act of 2005 Final Rules Part 1 and 2 Document bottom of page 13 and top of page 14) the fact is this provision of the Real ID Act 2005 would allow for the Secretary of DHS to add to the current official purposes without consulting with or having the approval of Congress (same link as above - page 37).

The Secretary can add the purchase of a weapon and/or the purchase of ammunition to the current list of official purposes. Also the requirement could be added to require a Real ID compliant driver's license to pick up a prescription. The point is this unfettered discretion given to the Secretary of DHS is in our minds unconstitutional. Nowhere in the Constitution is such broad and sweeping power given to the Executive Branch, let alone a cabinet member.

It is important to fully appreciate just how far DHS believes its power extends. In an opinion column written by Secretary Chertoff after the publication of the final rule, he said, "embracing REAL ID" would mean it would be used to "cash a check, hire a babysitter, board a plane or engage in countless other activities." REAL ID IMPLEMENTATION REVIEW... page 28.

3. The Real ID Act calls for state DMV database linking (Threatening Your Privacy...). Federal authorities will have either direct or indirect access to all DMV databases This is especially important since the TSA has indicated that people will be able to board commercial airliners even if they do not have a Real ID compliant license or other alternative acceptable ID document (passport, military ID card, Enhanced Driver's License). We envision the TSA asking an individual if they have been issued a driver's license or other valid issued state ID issued by state DMV's for those that do not drive. TSA would then have either direct access or indirect access to state DMV photo databases. Legally under the provisions of the Driver's Privacy Protection Act of 1994 the TSA could request and receive a copy of a person's photo from a state DMV database.

A reality of database linking is it exposes people to a much greater risk of being a victim of identity theft.

4. The MRZ (Machine Readable Zone) of a Real ID compliant driver's license is not encrypted. Privacy advocates commented during the Rule Making process of the Real ID Act that the MRZ should be encrypted. DHS felt that encrypting the MRZ would create technical challenges to the law enforcement officer in the field or in other locations. What we have learned is the "swiping" of the MRZ has become a very real problem that is doing real harm to citizens. Criminals and retailers have used the unencrypted MRZ of a driver's license for their own purposes. Providing your driver's license could put you at risk...

In order to, in as brief of manner as possible, articulate the arrogance of DHS about the power it believes it has I will leave you with the following which comes from the Final Rules of

the Real ID Act: "Notwithstanding the voluntary nature of the REAL ID Act, DHS assumes that States will willingly comply with the regulation to maintain the conveniences enjoyed by their residents when using their State-issued driver's licenses and non-driver identity cards for official purposes, particularly as it pertains to domestic air travel." (Page 124 - Final Rules - Real ID Act Download DHS (department of homeland security) Real ID Act of 2005 Final Rules Part 1 and 2 Document... Ask yourself when our right to travel and other rights became "conveniences"?

There is a reason that our first objection to the Real ID Act is the digital facial image. It is our position that too much focus is being placed on the Real ID compliant licenses itself and not enough on the standard for the digital facial image collection required in the rules of the Real ID Act. The digital facial image/photograph standard is specific for the use of facial recognition software. This fact was addressed in the Privacy Impact Statement for the Real ID Act 2005 released by DHS. Download DHS - Real ID Act...

The standard for the digital facial image can be found on page 68, footnote 17 of the NPRM (Notice of Proposed Rule Making) issued by DHS in March, 2007.

This "standard" is an adopted standard by the international community and is the standard of the ISO (International Organization for Standardization: Biometric data interchange formats...

While some contend that Real ID is a national ID, we want to point out that the operative word is "ID/identification." <u>Real ID is global or international ID</u>. Both Interpol and Nlets (now called the International Justice and Public Safety Network Nlets...) have and are using the standards of the ISO for collection and the sharing of biometrics. The ICAO (International Civil Aviation Organization) has also adopted the ISO standard(s).

When it comes to identification, it does not matter whether an individual is in Paris, Texas or Paris, France, the individual can be identified by the use of facial recognition software and the use of international telecommunication systems/networks such as Nlets. Nlets itself acknowledges that one of the primary sources of information Nlets provides is state DMV databases. Further, Nlets acknowledges it does share biometric information/data/samples with countries all over the world. What We Do... (There is no requirement for a warrant).

The driver's license itself is a red herring in the long run. The goal of TSA and DHS in general is to eliminate the need to focus on the ID document and focus on the use of biometrics. The FBI is spending over \$1 billion to create the world's largest biometric database.

Normally when one thinks about the use of biometrics at a distance they think of facial recognition. While at this time it does appear that facial recognition is the only biometric that allows for the capture of a biometric sample at a distance, it is clear that DHS along with others is working towards and has achieved with limited success being able to capture iris scans and fingerprints at a distance (Iris Scanners Can Now Identify Us From 40 Feet Away...).

Consider with the use of hand held biometric scanners (Handheld Biometric Technology...), biometric kiosks, the use of smart phones, CCTV, and drones the need to rely on driver's licenses is negated. Biometric scanners, smart phones and other devices connect wirelessly to state DMV photo databases and other PII contained in DMV databases. If Real ID was repealed tomorrow the goal today of the TSA/DHS would not change; the goal being not to rely on the ID document. Another fact to consider is the regularity of which we learn federal databases have been compromised/hacked (U.S. data hack may be 4 times...). The number of people who had their information compromised may reach 30 million plus. My point is knowing we are moving away from relying on the use of the ID document as evidenced by the use of hand-held biometric devices, how long will it before the ID process is moved from the ID document to directly on or in the body?

As far as the linking of databases or the ability to query state DMV photo databases, that is being done apart from the Real ID Act by an Interstate Photo (Sharing) Compact and the FBI's NGI (Next Generation Identification) program. As a side bar: At an earlier date in time the FBI stated they were not collecting the fingerprints of citizens who had not been convicted of a crime. When the details of the FBI's "Rap Back" program came to light it was and is obvious that the FBI is collecting the fingerprints of innocent citizens (Rap Back program...).

During 2013/2014 the United States Senate passed S744 (Comprehensive Immigration Reform). Contained in the legislation is a requirement for all employers to submit a digital facial image/photograph to DHS to be used with a "photo matching tool."

This is a nice way to say, to be used with facial recognition software. Under current federal directives and policies agencies and departments of the federal government can share biometric information (National Security Presidential Directive...). The point is it should be expected that just as with fingerprints, the digital facial image/photograph of innocent citizens will find their way into the FBI's NGI database.

Further down we will discuss the religious implications of a global system of identification that links our body to our ability to buy, sell, work and travel. Being that we explained how S744 will ensure that even more citizens are enrolled into this global system of identification and financial control this is an appropriate time to discuss other legislation that ties our bodies to our ability to buy and sell using biometrics as the linchpin.

Currently there is legislation, The Legal Workforce Act before Congress that will require every employer regardless of size to collect the biometrics of each prospective employee. The employer then would be required to provide the biometrics to the Department of Homeland Security.

Previously, on multiple occasions The Photo Identification Security Act was introduced in Congress. We expect this legislation to be introduced again. The Photo Identification Security Act requires all financial institutions to collect the biometrics of all customers. There is no definition within the legislation that defines what a financial institution is. It can be any place where any form of money is exchanged, used, or deposited. Literally our ability to work, travel, buy and sell is being tied to our body or in other words, our body is becoming our ID.

Some argue that there are states that are not and will not comply with the Real ID Act 2005. While this is true that some states are standing by the laws or resolutions passed in those states that prohibit participating in or complying with the Real ID Act, the fact is even in these states DMV's are continuing to meet the first 18 benchmarks of the Real ID Act to be considered in material compliance. Download the 39 Benchmarks to Full Real ID Act of 2005 Compliance Document...

While at first glance it may seem I am contradicting myself by saying some states are not complying yet I also say DMVs in these states are continuing to meet the benchmarks, the fact is this is what is happening. While one may ask how this be true, the answer is simple. The state DMV's that are continuing to meet the benchmarks even though there is a state law or resolution against participation or compliance with Real ID are doing so under the premise that they are complying with the best practices of AAMVA (American Association of Motor Vehicle Administrators), not the provisions of the Real ID Act. This is a distinction without a difference but has been accepted by state legislators.

There is not one state that has not met more benchmarks than they had already met at the time the Real ID Act rules were published. It has also been rightfully said that not one state has met all 39 benchmarks of the Real ID Act. While this is true, it is also true that the reason for this being the case is not because of the lack of will but rather because of logistical limitations that exist today.

It is true that AAMVA said they opposed the Real ID Act but it was not because they thought the Real ID Act went too far but rather most likely because it was not strong enough in some areas. We should ask ourselves if AAMVA opposed the Real ID Act 2005 why didn't AAMVA object to being named the "hub" and "backbone" of the Real ID Act. The words hub and backbone come directly from the Final Rules of the Real ID Act issued by DHS in 2008 (Minimum Standards for Driver's Licenses... page 10)

When asked, Darrell Williams, The Real ID Act Program Director for DHS at the time, while he was under oath, Director Williams provided false testimony. He said, "What is the relationship between the federal government and AAMVA?" Director Williams responded by saying "There is no relationship between the federal government and AAMVA."

There has been a relationship between the federal government and AAMVA for decades. One can choose to go back to the Commercial Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1986, which was the first time a federal law called for the collection of a biometric from commercial motor vehicle drivers, or the 1996 Illegal Immigration Reform & Immigrant Responsibility Act where within the law itself, not the Rules, Congress mandated the Secretary of Transportation to consult with AAMVA about the issuance of licenses and use of biometrics.

The Supreme Court has ruled that citizens to have a right to anonymity. An officer must be able to articulate reasonable suspicion if the officer requires an individual to produce an identification document. There have been multiple occasions where we know that law enforcement has used facial recognition to determine the identity of an individual absent reasonable suspicion. Currently there is no federal law, or laws in most states that would prohibit the use of facial recognition to determine an individual's identity.

The following three links (not all inclusive but provided just as examples) are to instances of facial recognition being used absent the knowledge or consent of the individual: Undercover cops secretly use smartphones, face recognition... and Boston PD monitored concertgoers with facial recognition... finally Keystone protesters tracked at border...

Biometrics and our right to anonymity must be raised in federal court or we will as a country is accepting reasonable suspicion being based on "Big Data" rather than observation. Once a law enforcement officer "captures" a person's facial image when the person is in public and then compares the facial image captured to facial images in a myriad of databases including state DMV databases, the officer will not only be able to determine a person's identity but also be able to find an infinite amount of other PII (Personal Identifiable Information) about the individual. This PII would include what charities a person gives to, what magazines the person subscribes to, which political party a person has supported or is supporting, what medication a person has been prescribed, and many other tidbits of personal information that federal law enforcement and/or state law enforcement has access to. Big Data and Law Enforcement... and Leaked Palantir Doc Reveals...

Unless the public has a better understanding of how integral biometrics is to the goal of the federal government, specifically DHS and the FBI, the public will be fooled into believing biometrics should not be the focus but rather the repeal of the Real ID Act 2005. The goal of the federal government is to remove any and all anonymity (U.S. must redefine privacy...).

It is our position that any organization that would support the use and/or mandating of biometrics to achieve immigration reform or for any other purpose outside of correctional institutions and where warrants are required is furthering the erosion of our right to anonymity and thus eroding other rights such as the right to free speech, the right to peacefully assemble, the right to seek redress of our grievances, and our right to religious freedom. There are religious objections to both being photographed (Christians such as the Amish/Mennonite sects: The Second Commandment...), some Jewish people (Exodus 20:4, Exodus 24:14, Leviticus 26:30, Numbers 33:52, and numerous Chapters and verses of Deuteronomy), and by a growing number of Evangelical Christians (mostly Southern Baptists and some Baptists) to being enrolled into a global system of identification and financial control.

The question of how expansive has the use of biometrics become on the world stage is one that must be answered for anyone to fully appreciate the threat to all freedom loving people. The following two links answer that question: Half the World's Population... and Interpol facial recognition experts... What is undeniable after reading the two links provided above is that in a few short years 3/4 of the countries in the world will have implemented "national/international" ID's that incorporate biometrics. The 3/4 of the world represents approximately 90% of the world's population. Interpol has 190 member countries. As a point of information, there are countries that have national/international ID's but are not counted as a country with a national/international ID because the governments in these countries refuse to acknowledge they do in fact have such ID's. <u>The United States in one of these countries</u>.

If a person was to try and ascertain just how many countries there are in the world the answer they would find is somewhat "gray." This is because some count territories as countries and some people do not. In any case there are only a handful of countries that do not belong to Interpol. For example, Cuba and Venezuela do not belong to Interpol. Both Cuba and Venezuela have their own biometric ID's for their citizens.

"How could there ever be near total or total global biometric enrollment since so many people live in areas that do not have running water let alone electricity?" The answer is what is called mobile biometric enrollment centers. India has a population of about 1/2 billion people in their national/international ID program, Aadhaar is the most ambitious program to date in the world. About 1/2 the population is already enrolled. Mobile biometric enrollment centers are used allowing the Indian authorities to enroll people even in the most isolated places within India. Within a short time officials expect to reach 1 billion people in enrollment. The rate of enrollment is astounding...

An additional point to consider - In the past an individual rarely came into contact with law enforcement. Unless a person created reasonable suspicion that an officer could articulate, was the victim of a crime, a witness to a crime, or committed a traffic violation, the person generally did not come into contact with law enforcement.

Today DHS, the FBI, and others want every person to come into contact with law enforcement every day. The contact does not need to be necessarily physical contact. The "contact" can be achieved through the use of biometrics and surveillance tools such as but not limited to CCTV, smart phones, and drones (expected to be 15,000 or more drones in U.S. by 2020). One should be cognizant of the reality that contact need not be defined within the context of just when a person is "out in public" but also when a person is in their home with the use of smart meters and other technologies.

If there is one lesson all citizens should take from the Snowden revelations it is, if the capability does exist, it will be utilized. In other words if law enforcement and/or our intelligence community have the technology to spy on citizens, that technology will be utilized regardless of the Constitution and/or the law.

A great deal of discussion has taken place recently over the last few months about the militarization of local law enforcement. It is not a secret that the DOD (Department of Defense) develops many technologies that end up in the hands of federal, state, and local law

enforcement. When we consider the budget of the DOD it should be obvious that money or funding is not really an issue when it comes to developing invasive technologies. In many ways the same is true of the NSA (National Security Agency). One example of the development of a new technology that will find its way to law enforcement is the development of 3D binoculars the have facial recognition capability built in and connects wirelessly to databases. The point in bringing up new technologies is the law is falling farther and farther behind in terms of dealing with invasive technologies.

My biometrics is just that; they are mine. My biometrics is unique to me. Biometrics is often defined as measurements of the body. "Bio" meaning body and "metrics" meaning measurements. How can we be secure in my person as the 4th Amendment says we shall be if in fact we are required to provide my biometrics to any government entity without a warrant?

It is not the role of state lawmakers to be surrogates of the federal government. State lawmakers must be the buffer between an overreaching federal government and the citizens.

One area we have not addressed is the largest vendor who provides biometric capabilities to local, state and the federal government. Safran's U.S. subsidiary is Morpho Trust. If you have any type of valid state issued ID including a driver's license, the reality is that this document was most likely produced by Morpho Trust. Safran, 22% owned by the French government proclaims it has a nearly 40 year partnership with Red China and boasts of offices all over the world including in China and Russia. Safran also has a part in India's biometric program(s). UPDATE. Safran is now owned 22% by the French government.

Ask yourself why both the Bush and Obama administrations believed our Personal Identifiable information including out biometrics should be in the hands of a foreign company, partly owned by a foreign government, when U.S. companies have the technical capability to do what Morpho Trust does? This makes no sense. Safran has been under investigation in a number of countries for bribery and other serious charges.

We would be remiss if we only discussed the problem and did not offer one possible alternative. The question(s) asked after 9/11 were two-fold, how to we make sure a person is who they say they are and how do we make sure a person does not have more than one driver's license? The answer(s) is we call the "State to State Identity Verification System."

Breeder documents are documents that are used to establish who a person is. States use birth certificates and social security cards as primary and secondary forms of identification. We provide such documentation when we apply for a driver's license or valid state issued ID for those that do not drive.

It is much better to number the document, not the person. We had the biometrics of eleven Russian spies in the United States but the biometrics did not tell us who they really were because they used fraudulent breeder documents to establish their identity. France issued hundreds of thousands of E-Passports (biometric and RFID) to people who also used fraudulent

breeder documents. Puerto Rico has issued tens of thousands of driver's licenses to people who used fraudulent breeder documents. These are people that can travel around our country just as you and I can.

If you have not looked at our proposed solution, the State to State Identity Verification System provided earlier via a link, you should now. Our solution among other things provides for the authenticating of breeder documents and making sure a person is not using a breeder document of a deceased person. This is not as difficult as you may believe. It is based on numbering the documents and creating the software to know when the breeder document (e.g.. birth certificate, certificate of birth, Baptism record, etc.) is used to obtain a driver's license or other valid issued ID. The system would also inform the DMV making the request if the breeder document was used to obtain another state ID from any other state. The bottom line is no two people could use the same breeder document or a fraudulent/counterfeit one. Perhaps best of all, our personal information does not need to go to DHS before we can buy, sell, work or travel.

You cannot reconcile a free society with a surveillance state!!! But with absolute certainty, government works at moving forward drawing the noose tighter and tighter to enslave humanity. With all of what we know about **"666/999"** is there any wonder that it has a superstitious attitude at times.

The number **"666"** has a strange fascination for people. Some suffer from **"Hexakosioihexekontahexaphobia"** (fear of the number **"666"**):

- Telephone companies have met a wall of customer opposition when they try to install a 666 exchange. One example was in Vancleve, KY, the home of *Kentucky Mountain Bible College*. They were assigned a phone number in mid-2002 with a "666" prefix. Staff member Carlene Light said: "*People say, 'You're a Bible college and you have 666 in your phone number?' It's the connotation. No one wants to be part of the mark of the beast.*" Vice president Rob Roy MacGregor said: "*In the secular world, 666 is not a problem. It is for us.*"
- Various highways, formerly numbered "666", have been renumbered due to public agitation. The sixth branch of the legendary Route 66 was appropriately numbered highway "666" in 1926. The highway starts near Gallup, NM, goes through Colorado and ends at Monticello, UT. It was referred to as the "Highway to Hell." It was famous for its gruesome accidents and legends of mad truckers, demon dogs, shape-shifting Native medicine men, a vanishing young woman in a nightgown, people suddenly appearing in the backseat of a car, etc. The states of New Mexico, Colorado and Utah agreed that they would change the highway's number to 491, on 2003-MAY-31. There is no word whether the apparitions have disappeared, now that the number has changed.

- When President Ronald Reagan purchased a house in Bel Air, CA, its address was **666** St. Cloud Road. Johnny Carson, the previous owner, had no problem with the number. The Reagan's asked that the number be changed. The town complied. The new address is 668.
- Michael Drosnin predicted in his book "The Bible Code II" that "the Bible code clearly states the danger in modern terms- 'atomic holocaust' and 'World War' are both encoded in the Bible. And both are encoded with the same year, 2006." Amazon.com visitors who review the book give it a rather low rating: 2.5 stars out of 5. He did not prophecy a month, day or hour. Fortunately, the year has passed. The prophecy has behaved like all previous predictions that have passed: it was proven false.
- BrightSurf, a resource for science information, comments on "conspiracy theories that have cropped up regarding the number 666..." They quote Phillips Stevens, Jr., Ph.D., associate professor of anthropology, at the University of Buffalo, NY "They believe the sinister number "666" is encoded in our nation's banking system, in our medical and governmental records, and in our very identity, in personal documents and in UPC bar codes -- this latter is [seen as] evidence of the fulfillment of Revelation prophecy."
- On 1998-NOV, the American Civil Liberties Union of Rhode Island filed an appeal with the State Department of Education concerning a high school student who was suspended for wearing a T-shirt which displayed the name of a rock band and the number "666".
- "The ACLU's complaint notes that the school district regularly allows students to wear T-shirts bearing other religious symbols or messages (such as "I will serve the Lord") without being punished." John Dineen, a volunteer lawyer who filed the appeal, said: "Public schools cannot be in the business of approving a T-shirt about the Lord and banning a T-shirt of a rock band, even a sacrilegious one. In the process of trying to make schools safe, it's good to get rid of guns. It's not good to suspend common sense or the Bill of Rights."
- Rumors started to circulate in 1980 that Proctor and Gamble's logo was a Satanic symbol. It was said that you could connect the 13 stars with lines that would spell out 666. The number "666" is also said to be visible in the old man's beard. "Proctor & Gamble worked very hard to counteract the rumors, issuing press releases, instigating legal action and even soliciting the support of leading Christian fundamentalists who announced their faith in the purity of the company." By early 1991, the company had answered over 150,000 telephone calls and letters concerning the myth. They filed at least 15 lawsuits against individual rumor mongers, but finally gave up and changed their logo.

The Social Security Administration (SSA) changed the way Social Security Numbers (SSNs) are issued on June 25, 2011. This change is referred to as "randomization." The SSA developed this new method to help protect the integrity of the SSN. SSN Randomization will also extend the longevity of the nine-digit SSN nationwide.

The SSA began assigning the nine-digit SSN in 1936 for the purpose of tracking workers' earnings over the course of their lifetimes to pay benefits. Since its inception, the SSN has always been comprised of the three-digit area number, followed by the two-digit group number, and ending with the four-digit serial number. Since 1972, the SSA has issued Social Security cards centrally and the area number reflected the state, as determined by the ZIP code in the mailing address of the application.

There are approximately 420 million numbers available for assignment. However, the previous SSN assignment process limited the number of SSNs available for issuance to individuals by each state. Changing the assignment methodology extended the longevity of the nine-digit SSN in all states. On July 3, 2007, the SSA published its intent to randomize the nine-digit SSN in the Federal Register Notice, *Protecting the Integrity of Social Security Numbers* [Docket No. SSA 2007-0046].

SSN randomization affected the SSN assignment process in the following ways:

- It eliminated the geographical significance of the first three digits of the SSN, referred to as the area number, by no longer allocating the area numbers for assignment to individuals in specific states.
- It eliminated the significance of the highest group number and, as a result, the High Group List is frozen in time and can only be used to see the area and group numbers SSA issued prior to the randomization implementation date.

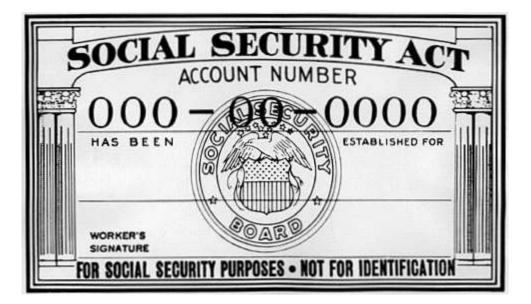
Previously unassigned area numbers were introduced for assignment excluding area numbers 000, 666 and 900-999. These changes to the SSN may require systems and/or business process updates to accommodate SSN randomization.



The Washington Monument in Washington, D.C., USA. The sides of the monument are aligned with the cardinal directions. At ground level the sides are 55.5 feet (**666** inches) long and the monument is 555.5 feet high. The 10 to one ratio between the side length and the

height was modeled after ancient Egyptian obelisks that have this same ratio. The 555.5 foot height of the monument converts to 6666 inches. Given the length of 20.6 inches for the ancient Egyptian cubit, the monument is 323.6 cubits high: 6666 divided by 20.6 = 323.6. The 13 stars or pentagrams, on the Great Seal of the United States, are arranged in the shape of Seal of Solomon. It contains **6** points, **6** angles and **6** planes.





### UPDATE: The Mark of the Beast becomes the law of the land in the USA October 1st, 2020 and Globally by 2030. (References: The Real ID Act of 2005 and Article 16.9 United Nations)

Alexandria, Egypt is home to The Pharos of Alexandria (The Lighthouse of Alexandria) which is considered one of the Seven Wonders of the Ancient World. It location is 31° 12′ 50″ N, 29° 53′ 8″ E (666 cubed 295408296).

# Barcode Technology and 666/999

Considering the developments in commerce and electronics over the last 50 years, I am convinced that no other generation but ours could have known how the prophecy of the number **"666"** would be fulfilled. The technology necessary to bring it to pass simply had not been developed or conceived of before our day. Therefore, the understanding necessary to interpret John's prophecy in Revelation wasn't available until only very recently.

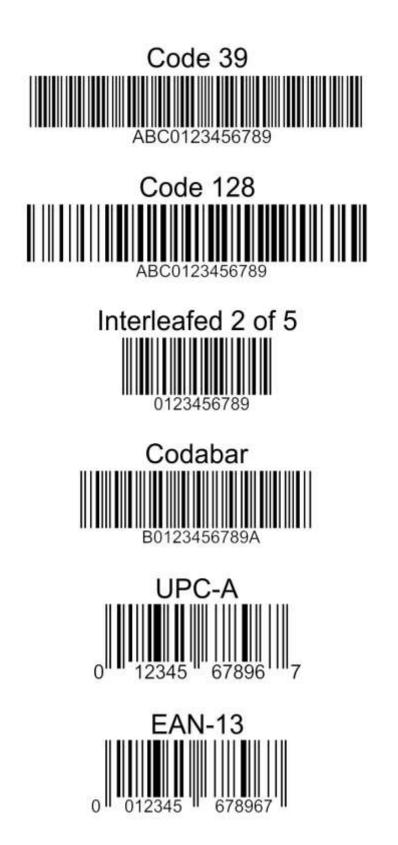
However, in precisely the same time frame that Electronic Funds Transfer and Smart Cards have come on the scene, there has also arisen a concurrent technology at the retail level which will ultimately allow the coming Cashless Society to function smoothly. It is this one development that will become the final key to integrating the "Mark" of the Beast with the "Number" of the Beast. This invention also digitally links potential buyers with the items that are for sale in an electronic financial system. This is important to understand, because in order for the Antichrist's system to work, digital money must be connected to the digital identification of people and things. This allows the entire economy to be electronically linked and identified through a system of marks. This whole scenario as it applies to physical products being sold revolves around something called *barcode technology*, which is being used to provide each item with its own unique mark, just as the Antichrist will demand that each person receive his or her own unique mark.

It is amazing how many fulfillments of end time's prophecy have had their rudimentary beginnings back in the decade of the 1940's. In the very same ten-year period that Israel became a nation, European integration got its start, and digital electronics and computer development began, we also find the beginnings of barcode technology, which would be destined to bring into being the Number of the Beast.

#### The Development of Product Identification

We have already seen how important it is becoming to the Empire-Beast to validate the identity of people as our economy is moved toward an increasingly cashless society (see The Identification Problem). Ensuring proper identity is also being extended to things as well as people. This includes the identification of every product that is bought or sold along with virtually every other item that humans use or interact with. This is being made possible in part through barcode technology.

In October of 1949, Norman Woodland and Bernard Silver of Philadelphia submitted a patent entitled, "Classifying Apparatus and Method" (US Patent 2,612,994, issued 1952). It described a technique of labeling manufactured articles with tags containing certain patterns of lines or colors. These patterns could be coded with special classifications depending on the product to which they pertained. They envisioned that the code would then become a unique identifier for each item being tagged.



In their patent, Woodland and Silver described how a series of white lines on a dark background could be used to carry this encoded data. The spacing and thickness of the lines within the pattern could be interpreted as a particular number sequence for the identification of a product. Special illuminated scanners could be used to read the data contained in the bars as a tagged article was interrogated. Items marked with the code could then be automatically registered and the data maintained by a computer, which was networked to the scanning device. According to Russ Adams writing years ago in *'Bar Code News'*, the first scanners "consisted of a transparent conveyor belt onto which the package was placed, symbol side down" (*'Bar Code News'*, Mar./Apr., 1986). Strong lights that were pointed up at the code reflected the pattern back down into a photosensitive detector. Tiny fluctuations in the amount of light energy reaching the detector would result in small variations in an electric current, which then could be correlated to the barcode pattern being read. These electrical signals would thus be interpreted as product or item numbers representing the encoded information stored within the barcode pattern. The digital data could then be used for computerized inventory control or any other application that might be helped through automated identification.

Even with its obvious potential for streamlining many manufacturing operations, for the first thirty years after it was described the science of barcodes was barely known outside of those specialists working within the obscure industry itself. By the late 1950's, the entire market for barcode technology amounted to less than \$100,000 in annual revenues. Its use, however, grew in direct proportion to the availability of inexpensive scanners and computer systems that could read, store, and process the data. Little did Woodland and Silver realize the great impact that their invention would eventually have on our society decades later when computers were ubiquitous and everything was being marked with a digital ID.

In fact, twenty-five years later as a result of microprocessor technology becoming widely accessible barcodes began to proliferate like wildfire through the decades of the 1970s and 1980s. The grocery industry actually designed and pioneered the use of modern barcodes to identify every food item sold. Food retailers thus became among the first to institute scanning devices into checkout counters to facilitate the rapid itemization of purchases. What used to be a laborious manual operation to ring up every item in a person's cart using price tags affixed to each one suddenly became just a matter of swiping each product's barcode over the laser scanner to tally the products and prices.

Not only did barcodes eliminate the error-prone manual entry of prices during checkout, but it also eliminated having to price each product on the shelves with price tags. In addition, using barcodes the prices on products could be changed at any time without having to remark each one with a new price tag. The new price need only be changed in the computer database that correlated the barcode ID and product with its price, and when that item was registered during checkout, the new price would be automatically charged. Inventory levels also could be automatically registered in computer databases without having to manually count each item on the shelves. Gone were the days when I had to do a manual count of items on the shelves.

Another field to experience the impact and advantages of barcodes was the manufacturing industries. It was quickly found that barcodes could provide the means to totally automate inventory control, receiving operations, warehouse storage and retrieval,

monitoring and control of work-in-process, sorting operations, analytical testing, assembly operations, billing systems, tracking of documents, baggage handling, data entry, and the list of applications could go on and on. Today, virtually every major industry is using barcodes to maintain inventory and manage material flow.

Of all the related techniques one might imagine for identifying and recording data related to specific items (i.e., manual entry systems, magnetic stripes, or optical character recognition), barcodes have proven themselves to be incredibly versatile and reliable. According to published statistics, having a person manually type data into a computer terminal will cause a minimum of one error in every 100-300 keystrokes. By contrast, using barcodes to enter data, the error rate can be reduced to one character in every *300 million* characters scanned (Bar Coding and Productivity, by Computype, Inc., p. 5).

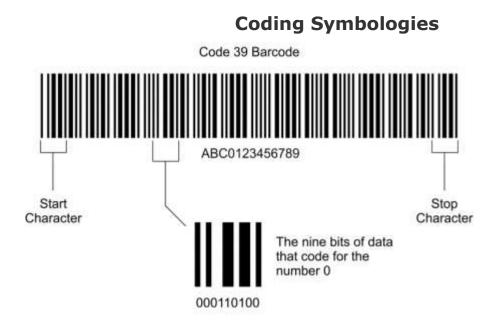
Accu-Sort Systems, Inc., a major supplier of scanning devices said, "One of the primary advantages of barcodes over other technologies is its low susceptibility to misreads. Expensive magnetic inks, similar to those used by the banking industry, are not required to print the symbol. And unlike magnetic stripe identification, bar code symbols are impervious to electromagnetic interference often found next to conveyors and on the factory floor".

As a result of these advantages, barcodes can now be seen being used almost everywhere. Companies that use them in manufacturing processes usually have a code affixed to every piece of raw material going into their products. For instance, the automobile industry uses the capabilities of barcodes to completely automate their assembly line operations. Since each auto part can be scanned and recorded in a central computer, the companies can know exactly how much inventory is present, when to order another piece, and precisely when to send an item to the assembly floor.

Barcodes make this type of *just-in-time* manufacturing processes possible. In addition, virtually all manufacturers are now providing finished goods with a final code for use at the retail level for customers to purchase products. In this way, all stores can completely automate their own inventories and dramatically speed up operations at the checkout counter. The giant retailer Walmart was one of the first stores to require barcoding of products by all of their suppliers, and they quickly installed laser scanners in checkout lanes to facilitate rapid item entry for purchases. After Wal-Mart switched over to barcodes in the early 1990's every other retail company followed suit. In fact, today virtually every product you can buy has a barcode printed somewhere on its packaging ready to be scanned and used in automated systems at the point of sale (POS). But that's not all. In an advertisement for ID Expo, an international conference on barcode technology, it was stated, *"Automatic identification systems can be used in countless applications outside of retail stores and factories—in banks, hospitals, insurance companies, telephone companies and railroads. In fact, almost anything that can be counted, packaged or tracked can be bar coded".* 

The technology of barcoding has become so inexpensive that now virtually anyone can make use of it—from the smallest entrepreneurial company selling products online to the

largest global corporations—and all due to the advances in computer and label printing systems, which make barcode identification quick and easy. An entire system can be fashioned using only a personal computer, an ink jet or laser printer, and a special software program—which can even come complete with a simple hand-held scanner—and you're ready in no time to use barcodes in any number of applications.



So how does all of this technology relate to the development of the Antichrist's economic system and to the mysterious number **"666"**? To discover this relationship, it is first necessary to understand the digital makeup of barcodes and the coding symbologies that are used to create them.

Although the anatomy of the barcodes used today all appear different than the original version described by Woodland and Silver in 1949, the basic concept is still the same. Instead of being white on black, however, they now consist of black stripes on a most-often white background. Their immediate appearance of seeming to be a bunch of bars, usually running vertically, gives them the universal name *barcodes*. However, the manner in which these bars are arranged is not as haphazard as it might seem at first glance. Each pattern follows specially defined design rules which vary according to the type of code being used and the number or letter sequences encoding them. Different applications of barcodes have resulted in many different "symbologies", or ways to code for the data they contain.

Most of the barcode symbologies in use today have one underlying principle in common: <u>each uses the combination of vertical black bars and white spaces to digitally encode particular numbers or characters</u>. <u>The letters or numbers hidden in the barcode patterns are decoded by a scanner and computer system when the symbol is read</u>. Unlike the relatively crude scanners proposed by Woodland and Silver, modern scanners use very efficient red lasers and they can be handheld or mounted under the counter to accept product reading. Henry

Petroski, writing for 'Science 81' magazine in the early days of the technology, described the process of reading a barcode. In this case, the application was for the retail market, but the principle is still the same today:

"A low-level laser continuously traces an intricate crisscross pattern that covers every square millimeter of a check-out window several times each second. When the concentrated beam of red light strikes the UPC symbol on an item of merchandise passing over the window, the widths of the black bars and the white spaces between them are reflected into the scanner and recorded as electrical impulses. The impulses are digitized, that is, translated into computer binary code. Just as an old-time wireless telegraph operator could pick out an S-O-S from background static, the automated check-out scanner can sense electronically a valid product code among the noise generated by the list of ingredients on a cereal box or the smile on a magazine cover" ('Science 81', Jul./Aug. 1981, pg. 80).

Some of the more popular barcode symbologies that have been developed go by the strange names of Codabar, Two-of-Five Code, Interleaved Two-of-Five, Three-of-Nine Code (or simply Code 39), and the Universal Product Code (or UPC, which is now a subset of the Global Trade Item Number (GTIN)). The appearance of these codes is all subtlety different from one another due to the different ways the numbers and characters are encoded in each symbology; however, the concept for digitally encoding information is all very similar among them. The following sections will review some of these major barcode types to provide a fundamental understanding of the technology underlying them. Then using this understanding, we will discover how these marks will be used in the final system of the Antichrist and incredibly, how a visual representation of the Number of the Beast has actually been designed into the most common barcode type that now marks all retail products.

#### Code 39

To understand the coding process, it's best to start with a relatively straightforward code to interpret, such as the Three-of-Nine Code (or just Code 39). In Code 39 (see figure) each number or character is encoded by nine bits of information. The name comes from the fact that three out of the nine elements (or modules) making up each character or number within the code must be wide. The elements (or bits of information) are represented by the black bars and the white spaces in-between each bar. Therefore, each pattern that codes for a number or letter in the Code 39 symbology must contain a total of three wide black or wide white spaces out of the nine white or black spaces possible. The remaining six elements must be narrow bars or spaces. A black bar or a white space of one module wide can be seen as the narrowest bars within the code. If you can imagine 9 such modules coding for each number, then you can see the separation of each coded number within a barcode. Multiple black modules or multiple white modules occurring next to each other make up a wide black bar or a wide white space.

To make these patterns computer readable, the black and white regions first must be converted into the binary computer language of ones and zeros. For Code 39, this simply means that every number or letter has to have a nine-digit binary code which is made up of a series of zeros and ones. In this particular barcode format, each wide black bar or wide white space is interpreted as the binary digit 1. Conversely, every narrow black bar or white space represents the binary number 0. As a scanner sends information back to the central processor, the computer receives a string of these binary ones and zeros. This data is then matched to the assigned codes for each number or letter designated within the Code 39 format. Thus, according to these preassigned codes, the number 3 would result from the binary string 101100000 being read, and if the string 001010010 is scanned, the computer would immediately interpret that the letter p is meant. In this way, every letter and number in the Code 39 format has its own unique nine-digit binary code.

A complete barcode is built from a series of these binary strings placed all in a row as the entire barcode is read. Thus, one barcode in the Three-of-Nine format may code for ten or more different numbers or letters all on one symbol—each of the characters being made up of nine bits in a binary string. When the scanner reads the entire code, the computer automatically separates the binary information into nine-digit increments and then interprets the complete barcode ID. This ID can then be used to associate with and identify a particular product or raw material used in commerce.

In practice, each item tagged with a barcode would have its own unique number and letter combinations to identify it. The distinctiveness of every barcode mark would enable a computer to maintain proper inventory control or any other functions that correct item identification could allow.

Codes 39 as well as the Interleaved Two-of-Five variety were originally recommended by the Distribution Symbology Study Group as the main barcode standards for use on shipping containers. Accordingly, these symbols typically originate in the manufacturing industries and are placed on boxes or containers containing raw materials or products. Code 39 is by far the most common barcode used for items that do not cross POS (items not sold at retail). They are found on virtually all shipping containers and boxes for easy recording of product information. For routine processes, humans don't even have to open a box or container to know the item or items within it—a barcode scan can automatically ID it and maintain a running inventory count of the items in a central database.

#### The Global Trade Item Number (GTIN) and 666

In perhaps the most important application of barcode identification, especially as related to Biblical prophecy, the Global Trade Item Number (GTIN) has become the universal standard for marking all retail goods at the point of sale (POS). This symbol has several different subsets that are used in different regions of the Western Alliance and in other countries around the world, but their similar design and identical symbology makes them

compatible everywhere. The main GTIN barcodes consist of the Universal Product Code (UPC) which is used in the U.S. and Canada, the European Article Number (EAN; now renamed as the International Article Number) which is used in the European Union, and the Japanese Article Number (JAN) which is a subset of the EAN and is used in Japan. The JAN code is identical to the EAN code with the first two control numbers on the left designated as "49". The complete EAN code, called EAN-13 has become the worldwide standard for barcode use on all retail products.



In addition, the EAN, or International Article Number, is different from the UPC just by way the way it is formatted or the visual appearance of the barcode, but it is no different in its encodings. Visually, the UPC code has the first and last number-encoded bar sequences extending below the bars that encode the other numbers, but the EAN barcodes have these two codes exactly the same height as the other encoded numbers. Notice in the illustration that the bars and spaces that encode each number are identical in the EAN-13 and UPC-A barcodes, but just the formatting of the outer bars differ. The entire family of International Article Numbers is differentiated by country or region by the first two to three numbers of the code. For instance, the UPC is always encoded with numbers 00-13 in these positions, whereas Japan always has the numbers 49 or 45, China uses the numbers 690-692, and India uses 890.

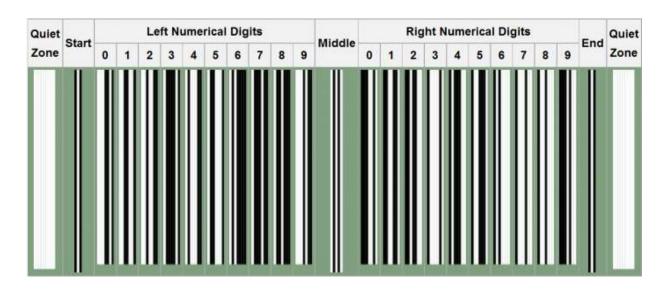
<u>Regardless of the specific subtype being used, the GTIN is perhaps the most</u> recognizable of all barcode formats simply because of its universal appearance on products that people buy on a daily basis. Its widespread use began with the endorsement of the UPC symbol by the grocery industry in the U.S. back in 1973. That one act caused barcode technology to quickly become a familiar aspect of American society. Throughout the 1970's and 1980's, grocery stores across the country installed laser scanners and automated cash registers to incorporate the UPC symbol into their operations. The result was huge savings in operational expenses—both in terms of the ease of inventory control and the increases in productivity at the checkout counter.

The UPC pioneers in the grocery industry may not have realized it at the time, but they started a revolution that promised to change the way people purchased all retail items. In fact, it wasn't very long before many other retail goods besides groceries were also being marked with a UPC barcode. This ubiquitous symbol, or derivatives of it, now can be found on merchandise as diverse as food items, magazines, books, hardware, clothing, toys, and drugs. Today it is virtually impossible to find a retail item in the U.S. that isn't marked with a UPC symbol.

At the same time the UPC was proliferating in the U.S., the other countries of the Western Alliance were standardizing on nearly identical barcode symbols to mark their products. <u>The Western Alliance nations were coordinating these efforts with a view toward global electronic digital buying and selling, which would eventually become cashless as well</u>. Europe and Japan decided to go with slightly altered forms of the UPC code to maintain their independence from the U.S. Today, using the GTIN symbols consisting of either the UPC, EAN, or JAN variants, cashiers only have to pass an item over the scanning window at the checkout counter—symbol side down or at least sideways accessible to the laser scanner—and the cost and identification of the product is automatically recorded.

Just as the prophecies in Revelation predicted, in the coming cashless society of the Beast people won't be able to buy or sell anything without this identifying mark present on it. As amazing as this may sound, it is through the use of the GTIN symbols that the Empire of the Beast is beginning to fulfill the end-times economic system exactly as the Apostle John prophesied. The key to tying together EFT, POS, the Mark of the Beast, and the Number of the Beast (**"666"**) into one coherent system is nothing less than the family of GTIN retail barcodes used throughout the world. To understand how this scenario will occur, the symbology of these barcodes must first be deciphered.

Like the Code 39 symbology discussed previously, all of the GTIN symbols also appear to be a series of vertical bars. As in all barcodes, these black and white bar patterns are used to represent unique strings of numbers that identify an item. However, the symbology used with the UPC, EAN, or JAN is completely different than any of the other barcodes in use today. Since this symbol was primarily designed for the retail market, the code had to take into consideration the informational needs of the grocery industry, department stores, hardware stores, and specialty shops all around the world. Whatever or wherever an item was sold, the GTIN barcode had to be designed to work as the common identifying mark globally.



At first glance, it is apparent that the most common GTIN barcodes are divided into two distinct halves (see figures). These halves are separated by a thin double bar which runs vertically through the middle of the code. This *center bar pattern*, as it is called, normally extends farther down than the other bars adjacent to it and can be seen to almost completely separate the numbers written below the code. On a UPC, EAN, or JAN barcode, the numerals below the symbol are the human-readable interpretations of each digitally encoded number directly above. Each side of the basic U.S. UPC symbol has enough information to code for five digits plus one control code.

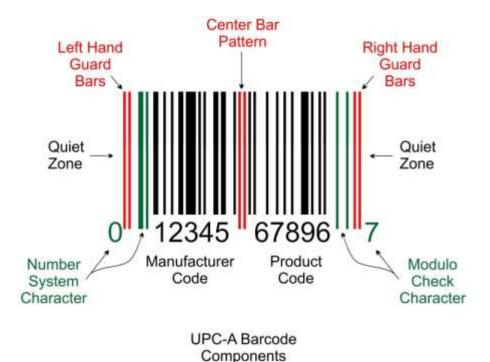
According to the convention set forth by the Universal Product Code Committee early in the UPC development, the left half of the symbol always contains the code identifying the product's manufacturer or distributor. Thus, when a barcode mark is scanned, a computer system can know immediately the origin and manufacturer of a particular product. Each manufacturer or distributor is registered and assigned a different left side number by the organization called GS1, based in Brussels, Belgium, which administers all of the GTIN barcodes globally. This is also the same group that is developing the Electronic Product Code, which incorporates an RFID chip containing a much longer ID than is possible using barcodes alone (see the section on RFID for additional information).

Global control through GS1 of the manufacturer's code on the left side of a GTIN symbol ensures that different barcoded items don't inadvertently have the same manufacturer designation unless the products are truly made by the same company. In addition, in order to identify different products made by a given company, the right side of the UPC symbol is assigned a unique five-digit product number by its manufacturer. Thus, the GS1 organization first assigns the manufacturer's number and then each company implementing a barcode assigns its own product numbers to the right side and registers the final code with GS1. This process results in a complete GTIN ID number that corresponds to each type of product sold. At least in theory, then, every unique retail item in existence can have its own productrelated UPC, EAN, or JAN symbol to identify it according to its manufacturer and product number.

In fact, according to the GS1 General Specification document, this symbol on retail products is no longer optional:

"The EAN/UPC Symbology family of bar codes (UPC-A, UPC-E, EAN-13, and EAN-8 Bar Codes and the two- and five-digit Add-On Symbols) can be read omni-directionally. **These symbols must be used for all items that are scanned at the Point-of-Sale** and may be used on other trade items" (Section 5.1, Version 13.1, Issue 2, Jul-2013; emphasis mine).

Thus, according to GS1's own specifications, this barcode family has become a required facet of international commerce when goods are bought and sold in retail markets. Remember, John's prophecy in the book of Revelation says that the Number of the Beast will be *required* for all buying and selling at the end (Rev. 13:18). Let's look at the design of this symbol in more detail to see just how the number **"666"** figures into this picture.



The EAN/UPC barcode is a linear symbol that is encoded with data much like other linear barcodes. However, unlike the Code 39 symbology described previously where 9 modules of information consisting of either white spaces or dark bars code for a particular character, the UPC symbol uses a pattern of 7 modules consisting of 2 black bars and 2 white spaces do the same job. The widths and positions of these bars and spaces determine which number is represented by the code. In reality, though, the full interpretation of the UPC symbol

is a little more complex than this first impression of black bars and white spaces would suggest. It is also more complex in its design than Code 39.

When a scanner interrogates a UPC symbol, it will actually sense within the bar patterns 7 "modules" of spatial information for each number encoded. In other words, each number of a UPC symbol is made up of 7 discrete bits of data designed within the black and white spaces representing each number. Each one of these modules is assigned a specific width within the code and the scanner and computer can differentiate these widths as digital information. The narrowest black bars that can be seen within a typical UPC barcode are exactly one module wide. The same goes for the narrowest white spaces. In addition, the black bars or white spaces can be 1, 2, 3, or 4 modules wide when encoding for a particular number. As the scanner encounters one of these modules or bits of information, it sends to the computer either a binary "1" or a "0" depending on whether the module happens to be within a black bar or a white space, respectively (see figure). Each character is built from a sequence of 7 such modules of information, and thus a string of 1's and 0's results from a complete scan.

There are also other important parts to the EAN/UPC symbol that we need to understand. In addition to the bars corresponding to the basic ten-digit code for each UPC, there are bars immediately to the outer sides of the manufacturer and product code regions which do not have numbers directly below them. Just to the outer left of the left-hand manufacturer's code, there is a set of bars that usually extend farther down than the main part of the symbol. These are the mystery **"666"**, whereas the middle "6" divides between manufacturer code and product code. The entire system depends on ease of reading the **"666"** right side up or vice versa as **"999"** The human-readable number that these bars represent can usually be seen standing alone and centered off to the left or right side in the margin. This part of the symbol is occupied by a special code called *the number system character*, and it can have a value from zero to nine; however, 6 and 9 hold a dual function for scanning.

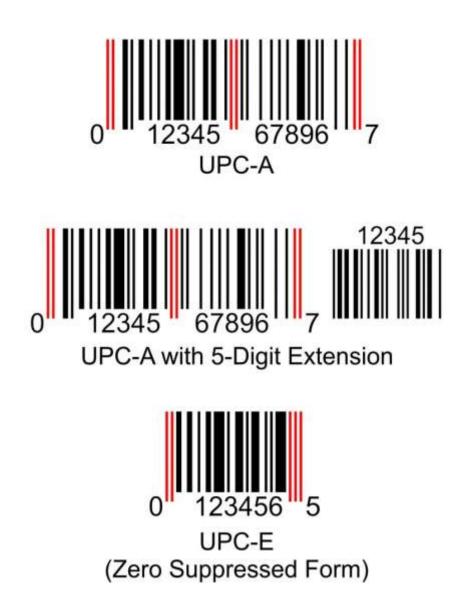
With the addition of this bar pattern, the UPC actually becomes an eleven-digit code. However, this character is usually not used in the same manner as the main part of the symbol. Instead of coding for a particular manufacturer or product, this number is reserved for categorizing special uses of the UPC code in retail commerce. The function of this number is simply to identify to the computer what type of UPC symbol is currently being scanned. Since there are many potential areas where the UPC may find application, the number system character has been developed to effectively differentiate each category as the barcode is read.

In the standard form of the UPC (called UPC-A), there is always a zero that is encoded in the number system character position. This standard form is the type typically used for most retail products and the overall barcode is symmetrical in appearance. However, in addition to this basic form, the National Drug Code and the National Health Related Items Code both use a UPC symbol which has a number system character of "3" in this first position. Likewise, a UPCcompatible code called the Distribution Symbol always appears with a "4" as the number system character, while a "5" would refer to the use of a UPC on a coupon. Thus, one coding system can have many different fields of retail application, but the symbology will be able to tell a computer exactly what type of code is meant with the appropriate use of the number system character.

Since the UPC-A symbol is basically divided down the middle in symmetry; you can move similarly to the immediate right of the product encoding region and encounter another set of two black bars which have no apparent label below them. Just like the number system character, these bars also extend below the plain of the main 10-digit code. In this case, however, the bars are not usually identified by a number either below or off to the right. Only on rare occasions will this particular portion of the UPC be treated as a twelfth character which would appear in human-readable form, usually off to the lower right of the symbol. This infrequent situation is typically seen in the U.S. when the UPC is used for encoding a coupon. Thus, the UPC has the capability of becoming a twelve-digit mark that is divided down the middle by the *center bar pattern*—ultimately giving it two six-character data fields.

However, the twelfth digit on the far right is actually not read in the same manner as the rest of the code. Rather, these bars normally code for something called the *modulo check character*. This check digit is used to verify the accuracy of the scanning process on the rest of the code. The correct reading of the modulo check character can be calculated from the preceding ten digits through the use of a special mathematical formula for parity. When a barcode is scanned, the computer quickly calculates the check digit from the proceeding numbers, and if the calculation doesn't match the modulo check character, then the scanner indicates an error and the barcode can be scanned again. In a checkout lane, this error can be heard as an audible sound that is distinct from the typical beep of a correctly read barcode or it may result in no beep at all. The use of a check digit to verify the reading of barcodes for retail purchases can result in scanning accuracies that are far above 99.9%.

At this point, all parts of the UPC that code for particular numbers within the symbol have been identified. However, there are still two bar patterns that have not been considered. As you approach the UPC from the far right or far left, the first bar pattern encountered visually appears to consist of two thin black lines, each exactly one module wide. These bars, like the modulo check character, the center bar pattern, and the number system character, also extend below the plain of the other ten digits. Unlike the other two special characters on the right and left sides, however, the outer bars and the central bars have no apparent numerical equivalents written in human readable form on the symbol. Visually, they all appear to be the same type of bar pattern containing two thin black bars separated by thin white spaces. These three sets of bars, however, are distinct from the rest of the symbol and do not code for numbers. The outer two sets of bars are called the left-hand and right-hand guard bars and function as the start and stop characters of the symbol, whereas the center bar pattern divides the EAN/UPC down the middle.



Some type of outer guard bars are usually found at the beginning and end of most barcode symbologies. These special characters tell the computer that a barcode scan is about to take place and also let the computer know from which direction the read will occur. In other words, the start and stop characters allow a UPC to be read from either the right or the left, while still transmitting the proper information. These outer guard bars are always preceded by what is known as a "quiet zone". This is nothing more than white space of at least seven modules wide which is designed to isolate the UPC from anything else that may be printed on a package.

There are three different ways in which the UPC can appear to the naked eye (see figure). All three of these forms contain the same three control patterns found on the standard UPC, namely guard bars at the beginning and end of the symbol and a central bar pattern which divides the main parts of the code. However, one quick look at the so-called "zero suppressed" version of the UPC and it may seem like that statement is not entirely true. The zero

suppressed UPC (also called "Version E") is used when a manufacturer has a limited number of products (and thus the right side of the code turns out to be mostly zeros) or when there is not enough space on a package to accommodate the full code. Version E actually has all three of these control patterns present, but it possesses them in a slightly different configuration (more on this in a moment).

A third form of the standard UPC can be found when the standard code is accompanied by either a two- or a five-character *supplemental encodation*. These added codes are designed to allow for more information to be included when the symbol appears on periodicals or paperback books. Even though this third configuration has extra bars off to the right side of the code, the standard UPC is still present with its two guard bar patterns and one center bar pattern.

## The Number 666 in Retail Barcodes

What in the world could be so significant about the presence of three control patterns in every UPC symbol? The answer to that question is fascinating, but to uncover the secret, the binary sequences that code for the numerals 0-9 in the three forms of the UPC must be first interpreted.

Digit \$	Pattern			
	left		right	
	odd 🕈	even 🕈	(even) 🕈	
0	0001101	0100111	1110010	
1	0011001	0110011	1100110	
2	0010011	0011011	1101100	
3	0111101	0100001	1000010	
4	0100011	0011101	1011100	
5	0110001	0111001	1001110	
6	0101111	0000101	1010000	
7	0111011	0010001	1000100	
8	0110111	0001001	1001000	
9	0001011	0010111	1110100	

Unlike other linear barcode symbols, the UPC actually uses several different binary interpretations for each character. These different codes for the numbers zero through nine are called set A, set B, and set C elements. It turns out that the binary sequence used for any one particular number is dependent upon where the number appears within the UPC code. This means that with regard to the standard UPC symbol, the manufacturer code (left side) and the product code (right side) actually use different bar code patterns to refer to the same number. Set A elements are used on the left side of the UPC and set B elements are used on the right side of the standard UPC-A barcode. The accompanying table shows these seven bit binary codes and how they differ between the two sides of the symbol.

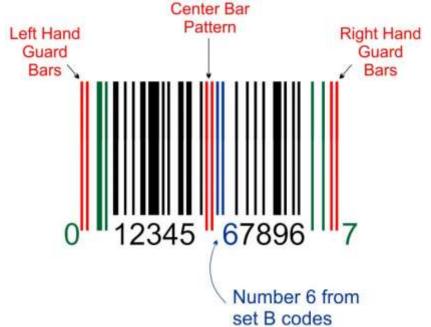
Remember that <u>each number in a UPC symbol is visually seen as two bars and two</u> <u>spaces and their thickness and position within the total seven module sequence is what</u> <u>encodes each character</u>. Therefore, all zeros within the binary code will appear to the eye as white spaces and all ones will show up as black bars. In addition, the numbers of white space modules (zeros) or black bar modules (ones) that occur side-by-side determines the thickness of each bar or space. One other aspect of the code to point out is that the binary equivalents of numbers on the left side always have an odd number of black bar modules (called odd parity), while all the right-side codes consist of an even number of black bar modules (even parity). In addition, the left-side codes all begin with a white space (zero) and the right-side codes all begin with a black bar (one).

To make matters a little bit more complicated, Version E of the symbol uses the same binary codes which appear on the left side of the standard UPC, but it does not use those which code for the right side. Instead of drawing from the same right-hand codes, the zero-suppressed symbol uses a third set of binary digits which are generated by exactly reversing the codes for the right side of the standard UPC. In other words, referring to the table, the binary equivalent for the number 5 from set B—appearing on the right-hand side of the standard symbol and represented by the sequence *1001110*—becomes *0111001* in the UPC Version E barcode. Similarly, the number 7 goes from *1000100* on the right side of the standard UPC to *0010001* when used in the zero-suppressed form.

Thus, the number of UPC binary codes that identify the numbers 0-9 is in reality 30. This total comes from the 10 codes from set A which code for the left side on the standard design, 10 from set B which code for the right side, and 10 from the zero-suppressed version (set C) which are just the mirror image or reverse of set B codes. These different binary codes for the different sides or designs of the UPC barcode ensure that it can be scanned from any direction and the proper identification number still can be determined by the computer system.

In addition, Version E is precisely one-half of the standard UPC barcode design. Therefore, instead of having two data fields of six digits each, the zero-suppressed form has two data fields of three digits each. The data fields are differentiated from one another by having three numbers coded from set A of the binary equivalents and three numbers coded using set C. Also, unlike the standard UPC which has the center bar pattern directly in the middle of the symbol to divide the six-digit fields, Version E has this control character appearing

at the end of the symbol just before the stop character. In this case, however, the center bar pattern also is reduced to one-half the size it normally appears in the standard UPC-A symbol. Therefore, even in the "condensed" version all three control characters are still present—the center one just has half its normal bar patterns.



<u>This fact is important because it is from knowledge of the binary encoding for these</u> <u>control characters that the prophetic significance of the UPC symbol finally becomes</u> <u>apparent</u>. Unlike the codes for numbers in the main body of the symbol, the control characters are not full seven-bit binary codes. The reason for this difference is to maintain their uniqueness so that a scanner does not wrongly interpret them as numbers. In fact, each guard bar pattern is only a three-bit binary code, while the center bar pattern is a five-bit binary code (see figure). <u>Visually, however, all three control characters appear exactly the same to the</u> <u>naked eye</u>. This is due to the fact that the basic binary pattern "101" is present in each of them. For this reason, when you look at each control character, they all appear as two thin black bars—even though the scanner is able to interpret their subtle differences from encoded numbers due to the fewer number of modules present.

As mentioned previously, in Version E the position of the center bar pattern is different. It appears merged with the right-hand guard bars, and, because of this situation, the total character takes on the binary form "010101". This code results from the fact that the center bar pattern is halved in the zero-suppressed version just like the whole symbol is halved. In a sense, then, the center bar pattern and the right-hand guard bars "share" the central binary "1". Since the computer is able to interpret the zero-suppressed version as a full ten-digit UPC (because the missing right side numbers are all zeros, thus it is called "zero-suppressed"), the halved center bar pattern turns out to be just part of the abbreviation for the full code.



## A Pseudo-666 Marked on Every Barcoded Product!

Why is this configuration of the control codes so significant in an EAN/UPC mark? Take a quick look at the binary interpretation for the number six as it appears in either set B or set C. Notice that the same "101" pattern is present in both binary code sets. Now look at any retail products that are marked with a UPC-A symbol and look on the right side for a number six (which uses set B of the code). Some barcodes will have a 6 on the right and some won't, depending on the product number chosen by the manufacturer. However, if it contains a 6 on the right side, you will see that visually all three control codes look identical to the double-bar pattern representing this number from set B. <u>Thus, from a visual perspective, the basic double black bar pattern for the number 6 is present in every UPC exactly three times</u>. To say this a little differently, every retail product is now being marked with a bar code that visually appears to contain the number **"666"**!

This basic **"666"** pattern from the beginning, middle, and end of the UPC/EAN barcode <u>turns out to be the principal control code for the entire system to properly operate</u>. It's amazing how this situation has developed, because the inventors of the UPC design didn't have to use a variation of the number six for the control codes. They could have used a truncation of any of the other binary codes that identify a number. In fact, they could have developed a completely unique bar pattern just for the control codes alone. With seven-bit encoding, there's a possibility of developing many additional bar patterns. <u>Why did they choose a variation of the number six when other potential patterns exist</u>?

It is uncanny the way the GTIN mark fulfills Biblical prophecy. In fact, everything about the EAN/UPC/JAN barcode symbols speak of the number six: A pseudo **"666"** makes up the control patterns, a left side code comprises a six-digit field for the UPC type and manufacturer, a six-digit right side code is used for the product and modulo check character, and a condensed version of the symbol exists with only a single six-digit field. Perhaps the most unexpected

aspect of this revelation is the fact that the Empire of the Beast is developing the Number of the Beast even before the rise of the Antichrist. In recent decades the world has become accustomed to using these barcodes to purchase virtually any product available for retail sale.

#### **Barcodes and the Mark**

Revelation 13:18 is a prophecy of the "Mark" of the Beast, the "Number" of the Beast, and the "Name" of the Beast; all of which are predicted to be used in conjunction with buying and selling at the end. The Greek word translated as the word *mark* in this verse is *charagma*. According to Strong's Greek Concordance, charagma means "an engraving (etching), a mark providing undeniable identification, like a symbol giving irrefutable connection between parties". The digital ID marks that will be used to brand people and things in the Antichrist's kingdom will serve to validate identities in order to participate in the electronic cashless society of the one world empire. Without having the mark in the hand or the forehead to validate personal identity or the **"666"** barcode mark on all products, you will not be approved to buy or sell anything. In ancient times, a charagma was an impress on an official coin or an imprint on a wax seal validating the authenticity of a document. In the last days, the charagma mark on people and things will serve to validate, monitor, and approve all transactions.

In an amazing coincidence, the word *charagma* comes from the same origin as the word *charax* in the Greek. According to Strong's Greek Concordance, a charax is "a pointed stake, a rampart", or "a palisade". A palisade is a fence or a stake wall that is typically made of wooden stakes placed together vertically to make a partition or a wall, especially for defense (see illustration). A modern day structure like this might be called a picket fence. Isn't it incredible that an ancient palisade has an amazing similarity to the vertical bars of a barcode? Could it be that even the origin of the very word used in Revelation associated with the Mark is trying to point us in the direction of correctly identifying the UPC/EAN barcode as the fulfillment of prophecy? Could it also be that the barcode containing the number **"666"** will ultimately be merged with the "Mark" of the Beast and that the final mark will be a UPC/EAN type of barcode placed on all the followers of the Antichrist.

When the Apostle John prophesied of the number **"666"**, he said that the final world system would absolutely require it to buy or sell—off course, along with having the "Mark" of the Beast and the "Name" of the Beast. How close do you think we are to the Return of Christ seeing that these prophecies are coming to pass in our day?

However, barcodes are not the only way that the number **"666"** is being used in commerce today. Along with the marking of all products with a pseudo **"666"**-containing code, the electronic computer systems making up the Internet also use another instance of **"666"** to make electronic buying and selling possible. In the next section, we will see how Web-based commerce actually depends on this number for secure online transactions to occur.

The software security measures that have been developed for directory and file permissions on computers and servers connected to the global network may incredibly reveal one of the main applications in which the number "666" will be used in the economy of the Beast. In fact, it is already being used even before the Antichrist and the Mark arrive. The security setting sometimes referred to as chmod "666" (chmod means change mode) is a UNIX permissions setting that designates the level of access allowed to protected folders and files. Derivatives of UNIX (particularly Linux but also the Mac OS X) are the most commonly used operating systems on servers that run the Internet and the World Wide Web today. Permission settings are used as part of the server security measures to allow only authorized users to access certain locations in file system hierarchies, especially when connected to the Internet through computers or point of sale (POS) terminals. When accessing commercial web sites or when using POS terminals in retail stores, the servers that control the processes behind the scenes contain important data to support the web experience and also provide security for electronic buying and selling of goods and services. Using the correct security settings will permit access to only those files and information intended to be accessed and nothing else. As we will see in this section, the security permissions setting "666" will soon be used alongside the "Mark" of the Beast and the "666"-containing EAN/UPC barcode technology to allow a person to participate in electronic buying and selling in a cashless society, precisely as predicted in Revelation 13:18.

As the world moves closer to an economy designed around the "Mark" of the Beast several critical technologies are being developed and merged together to allow the final system to operate. As we have seen in previous sections on the topic of the "Mark", this includes the advent of computer technology; the elimination of cash through the use of credit cards, debit cards, and smart cards; the development of the global electronic network which forms the basis for the Internet, the World Wide Web, and electronic funds transfer (EFT); and the advent of biometrics to eliminate fraud by positively confirming identities. In all of these inventions and developments, security has become the principal requirement and driving force for the creation of a cashless society that allows people to make purchases electronically without the physical exchange of money and also while preventing fraud. The security permissions setting "666" have become a vital part in this system.

The development of the Internet and the Web also required important security considerations to be designed into the software to protect the files and information on the servers that contain data used to create web pages. This data might contain information that gets displayed when a site is visited or it might contain the personal confidential information of members or people who have accounts with a company. People who visit web sites want to view the pages and information that the sites have available; however, the owners of the web sites don't want people to be able to access the raw databases and programs that support their sites on the hosting servers. They also want to prevent visitors from accessing the account information of people who have registered with their site or have done business with them in the past. Financial information, tax documents, social security numbers, account numbers, names, addresses, and other private information must be maintained in complete security for the system to work with confidence. For this reason, the operating systems that control the

servers all have security levels that can be set for directory (folder) and file access. Web sites use data and executable programs on their servers to create and present finished web pages to visitors, but their security systems also prevent anyone from actually accessing or changing the data and programs so that no malicious activity can occur. Unless the system allows for specific access to particular directories or files on a web server, a visitor cannot see them merely by visiting a web site or entering an Internet address, even if that Internet address happens to refer to an actual folder or file on the server. With the proper security in place, any attempt to access a restricted part of a server without the appropriate permissions will result in an error message or a "page not found" response. As we will see, this is where the security permissions setting **"666"** come into play.

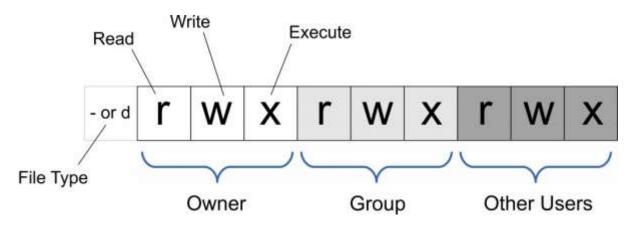
The majority of Internet servers now run a version of Linux as their operating system, which is an open source derivative of UNIX. The Linux family uses the same permissions settings originally developed for UNIX systems decades ago. The permissions can be set on an individual directory (folder) or at the file level using either a set of letters or numbers representing the type of security desired. Three different types of users are recognized within Linux permission settings and each type can be given different levels of security access for folders or files. The three types of potential users are: (1) the *owner* of the file or directory (i.e., the administrator or controller of the folder or file), (2) the *group* that is associated with the directory or file (for instance, an accounting group within a company's network or members registered on a web site), and (3) all *other users* (often simply called "others").

In addition, four levels of security are available for each of these different types of users when providing directory or file access and the last three of these levels can be combined in any way. The four options for security access to users are: (1) no access, (2) read-only access, (3) write access (which includes modifying or deleting files), and (4) execute access (or the ability to run programs or search within folders). UNIX and Linux systems assign letters and numbers that are associated with each of these security settings according to the following table:

Security Setting	Letter Code	Number Code
No access	_	0
Read-only	r	4
Write	W	2
Execute	х	1

As the diagram shows, there also is another set of indicators before the permission settings that refers to whether the location is a directory (d) or simply a file (-). These occur before the security settings to let the operating system know whether they apply to an entire folder with all its contents or to just an individual file within a folder. If we consider the various types of users and the possible levels of security that can be defined for each one, we can

illustrate any possible permissions setting using this diagram as a guide. In the convention of UNIX or Linux operating systems, the list of permission settings for each type of user is presented as a linear sequence of letters. Therefore, if the *owner*, *group*, and *other users* all are given equal access as well as the highest (total) access credentials the permissions would be indicated by: Rwxrwxrwx



This highest level security setting indicates read (r), write (w), and execute (x) rights for each type of user. The first three letters correspond to the settings for the *owner* or administrator of the file or folder, the middle three letters indicate the settings for the *group* level users, and the last three letters are the security settings for all *other users*. Using this format, if the owner wanted to be the only one designated with total access but wanted to prevent other types of users from executing programs, then the security settings might become:

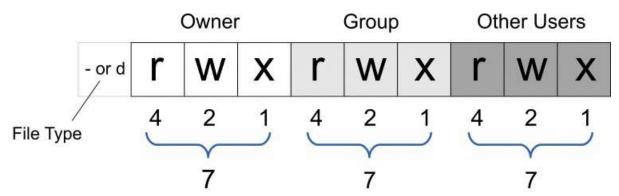
rwxrw-rw-.

In this case, both the *group* and *other users* categories have only read and write access capability, but no execute permissions (indicated by the dashes in the execute position). Similarly, the administrator could deny anyone else from access to a file or directory by using the following settings:

rwx--

This setting indicates that the *group* and *other users* have no access rights to the file or directory at all (three dashes for *groups* and three dashes for *other users*). As can be seen, these security settings in UNIX or Linux (and also present in the Mac OS X operating system) are very powerful and allow an administrator to set unique permissions for every folder or file on a server (or on any computer for that matter running one of these operating systems). Now, how does all of this relate to the security permissions setting **"666"**? We have to learn one additional aspect of these security settings to find out.

Another way of looking at permissions settings is to use the corresponding number code for each security level. This is where it gets very interesting for students of end times prophecy. According to the previous table, a security setting of no access is equal to the number 0; a setting of read-only access equals 4; a setting of write access is equal to 2; and a setting to allow execution of programs equals 1. In UNIX or Linux, these number values are *additive* for each type of user, and the end result of adding these number values together represents a quick way to summarize the security levels for any file or folder. Thus, for a security setting where every type of user has all possible access rights (rwxrwxrwx), the corresponding number designation would be calculated as seen in the neighboring illustration.

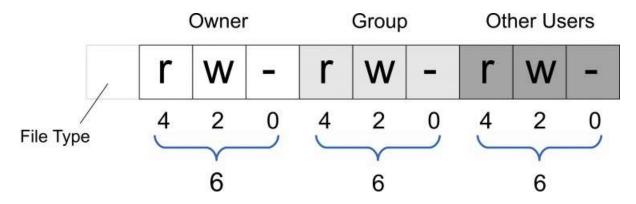


Since the *owner* of the file or folder is given the complete permissions of read, write, and execute, the number value for this setting is calculated by adding the numerical values of each permission setting, or r+w+x = 4+2+1 = 7. In the same manner, the permissions settings for the *group* and *other users* categories are also added together to give a final permissions setting of 777 for the given file or folder. The designation of 777 is sometimes called "God-mode", since it allows total access and control over a file or directory by anyone. It is curious that the number 7 is often associated with God in the Bible, too. As you can imagine, however, it is not likely that any directory or file on an Internet server would ever be given the 777 permissions setting, because that would result in any visitor to the web site being able to do whatever they want with it, including accessing confidential information, changing the site, or even deleting it from the server.

To make the Internet work properly and maintain security against malicious activity, most files and folders are restricted in their access except to a valid *owner* or administrator of the site, who would be given a higher level of control (at the 7 level) only through the secure access to a special administrator page. Most of the time, when a web site is just visited from an external computer the permissions for all users would be restricted to the read-only level, which is especially suited for the browsing and reading of web pages. Therefore, an appropriate security setting for a web server would be 444, which indicate that every type of user has only *read* capabilities, but not *write* or *execute* permissions. This allows visitors to browse the web pages and access information, but not make changes to the site itself. Only a valid administrator of the web site could gain a greater permission level through signing into a special admin control panel using a password.

However, many Internet sites allow users to fill out forms, post comments, register to become members, or make purchases and transfer money. Under these circumstances the permissions settings for certain files or folders must be temporarily set higher than read-only and are typically set at the read and write level. In fact, the default level for the creation of a new file in UNIX or Linux is at the read and writes permissions setting for all users, because otherwise the file could not be created and saved on the server. Therefore, in order to use the Internet for interactive services or for buying and selling, the initial permissions settings must be at the read and write level for all users. If this were not the case, then no records of the users' interactions could take place. If a web site visitor was making a purchase, for instance, the server would have to maintain a record of what was purchased and the prices associated with the purchase. The only way to do this would be to have read and write capability within a file or folder associated with the user so that a permanent record could be created.

The web page on which the transaction takes place also must have read and write capabilities to allow a user to document the items purchased, enter details on their personal identity, and perform payment transfers with some form of currency. During online purchases or when using cards at POS terminals, one or more servers somewhere in the electronic global network must be able to accept the purchase and make a record of it. In addition, the issuing card company or bank has to make a record of the purchase information in the background. All of these activities run behind the scenes during an Internet purchase session and are typically transparent to the customer. Thus, for the Internet to function as it does today, when any of these interactive or commercial activities take place the operating system permissions have to be set at the read and write level for the appropriate folders or files. This is where the security permissions setting 666 comes into play.



Therefore, for buying and selling in a cashless society the operating protocols are associated with permission settings for owners, groups, and other users at the read/write level, or "rw-rw-rw-" in the syntax of UNIX or Linux. And what does "rw-rw-rw-" correspond to in the numbering system of UNIX permissions? In the shorthand numerical format of presenting permission settings, the designation "rw-rw-r" also can be numerically added together as 4+2+0, 4+2+0, 4+2+0, which equals a security setting of **666**!

This is incredible! Even before the Antichrist arises, the Empire-Beast has developed the electronic network and protocols necessary to allow the Mark of the Beast to function in a

cashless system. Yes, the Number of the Beast or **"666"** is now being associated with every commercial activity done over the Internet, the World Wide Web, or through EFT networks today. It is also associated with every interactive activity, such as leaving comments on web sites or filling out registration forms or surveys. However, the most important aspect related to Biblical prophecy is how the security permissions setting **"666"** are being used to allow buying and selling in an electronic world. As the Empire-Beast moves forward toward a cashless society where money substitutes such as smart cards and validated identities will replace the exchange of physical currency, the security permissions setting **"666"** will make all of these transactions possible!

How close to you think we are to the Return of Christ seeing that all of these things are taking place in our world today?

Note: A minor percentage of the Internet server systems currently are run using the Windows Server operating system, which uses a security system with similar capabilities, but it does not have the **"666"** designation as part of it. The prophecy of the Number of the Beast may indicate that the final system will standardize on the Linux operating system to make the Antichrist's economy function at the end.

## 666/999 Law of the Land!

The Mark of the Beast becomes the law of the land in the USA October 1st, 2020 and Globally by 2030. See this video (References: The Real ID Act of 2005 and Article 16.9 United Nations) As I am about to wrap this up, let's examine legislation that proves "666" is the Social Security Number and the Mark of the Beast as foretold in the book of Revelations of the Bible.

The number **"666"** is well known to be associated with the "Number" of the Beast. The Bible puts it this way: Revelations 13:17, **"the name of the beast or the number of its name."** There is no doubt the SSN is the "Mark", because of the first part of 13:17, **"so that no one could buy or sell unless he had the mark."** Now think about what that says and what it means. To "buy or sell" is just another way of saying "financial transaction" isn't it. That certainly includes earning a living, i.e., getting a job. But it's also every financial transaction you make. How are most of those transactions facilitated today? Via credit or debit card. Try to get either of these without an SSN and see how far you get. So where is the **"666"**? It's already public information:

### 42 USC 666

The United States Government's full list of laws is calling the "United States Code." If you go to Title 42, United States Code, Section **666**, you will find where the Social Security Number is now mandated on all licenses. No SSN, no license. Here it is verbatim:

42 US **666** (13) Recording of social security numbers in certain family matters.— Procedures requiring that the social security number of—

(A) any applicant for a professional license, driver's license, occupational license, recreational license, or marriage license is recorded on the application;

Just think that's some government mumbo jumbo? Sorry, it's the law of the land. When a person in Texas tried to get a license to be a crop duster, the state refused to issue one because the applicant refused to provide an SSN due to his religious beliefs. It went to the Texas State Attorney General, who quoted and referenced Title 42, section **666** as the reason they could not issue the license. This was a license the man needed to do his job to earn a living. Quoting the Texas AG: "It is the federal statute that specifically enumerates occupational licenses. See 42 U.S.C. 5 **666**(a)(13) (2000)." The set of numbers, **666** is referenced over 40 times in the AG's answer. The entire decision is based on 42 USC **666**. Do you really think it's just a coincidence?

But that's just Texas... Nope, <u>it's world-wide</u>: NAFTA. Want to import or export? Thanks to NAFTA (passed in 1994) you need a tax identification number to export or import. NAFTA Certificate of Origin (Read the form and the instructions on the back.) In fact trade is exactly how most people earned a living in Biblical times.

GATT: (passed in 1947 and updated many, many times since then. The 1994 Uruguay Round negotiations are what we are talking about here.)

One of the most significant changes was the creation of the World Trade Organization (WTO). The 75 existing GATT members and the European Communities became the founding members of the WTO on January 1, 1995. The other 52 GATT members rejoined the WTO in the following two years (the last being Congo in 1997). Since the founding of the WTO, 21 new non-GATT members have joined and 29 are currently negotiating membership. There are a total of 153 member countries in the WTO.

#### http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade

Let's look at GATT:

During Senate floor debates here is the exchange:

#### Mr. DOMENICI:

"A final question of special concern is that GATT requires that every United States citizen receive an identification number at birth, and that this matter is unrelated and irrelevant to matters of trade. The answer is that this requirement is included in the implementing language of GATT; it is not part of the GATT itself. This language was included in the implementing legislation because to ensure accurate assessments of income taxes, improper deductions on tax returns must be minimized."

"Mr. MOYNIHAN:

It is the Social Security number.

"Mr. DOMENICI:

The Social Security number, that is right.

Senator Domenici went on to explain:

"As a consequence, this section is designed to reduce tax cheating by people who claim children they do not have, which has the effect of reducing their taxes. This is important because it has a significant effect on the amount of tax revenue collected, which directly correlates with the overall net cost of the agreement to the U.S. Treasury. Therefore, the United States has decided that it is critical to maintain an accurate accounting of its taxable population."

From the Congressional Record, Senate - Page: S15274-S15275, 1994

Let's connect the dots:

The Progressive movement gained power at the turn of the 20<sup>th</sup> Century. We have the Federal Reserve Act and the Income Tax (16th Amendment) in 1913. The Social Security Act in 1935. We have the League of Nations (Global Government baby steps) and then WWI and then WWII (Global Wars.) WWII ends in 1945. The UN is formed (Global government baby step style). GATT is passed in 1947 (Global Government big step). Israel is formed in 1948 (Fulfills prophesy). The WTO is started in 1995 and merges with GATT. (Giant Global Government step and they tie it to the SSN.) Are you seeing the picture yet? **Remember they said the SSN would never be used for identification**, but look at the dialogue above. Funny how what they say and what they do is so different. How about if I remind you that one of the heroes of the modern progressive movement is Saul Alinsky and that Saul Alinsky praises Satan in the forward of his book '*Rules for Radicals?*' He paints Lucifier as the great rebel who "won his own kingdom." Are you seeing the full picture now?

UPDATE! In addition to all that is listed below, there is a new licensing requirement coming down the road. You are finding and reading this on the internet. You are not seeing this information on the news at 5pm, nor in any newspaper or magazine. There may be some private newsletters out there, but I've never seen one informing people of the information I have provide here. Now what if this site were silenced? Can't happen? Think again. Obama's Cybersecurity Act of 2009. EFF.

So now you can add your "internet license" to this list below if you work in IT. When you see "professional licenses" or "occupational license" here is what that means: 2.Accountant, Certified Public

3.Accountant, Public 4. Acupuncture 5.Architect 6.Athletic Trainer 7.Audiologist 8.Attorney 9.Banking 10.Beautician **11.Certified Public Accountant** 12.Certified Shorthand Reporter 13.Chiropractor 14. Clinical Laboratory Technician 15.Clinical Laboratory Technologist 16.CPA (Certified Public Accountant) **17.Creative Arts Therapist** 18.Cytotechnologist 19. Dental Assistant, Certified 20.Dental Hygienist 21.Dentist 22. Dietitian/Nutritionist, Certified 23.Doctor (Physician) 24.Engineer 25.Interior Designer 26.Land Surveyor 27.Landscape Architect 28.LCAT (Licensed Creative Arts Therapist) 29.LCSW (Licensed Clinical Social Worker) **30.Licensed Clinical Social Worker 31.Licensed Creative Arts Therapist** 32.Licensed Marriage and Family Therapist 33.Licensed Master Social Worker 34.Licensed Mental Health Counselor **35.Licensed Practical Nurse** 36.Licensed Psychoanalyst 37.LMFT (Licensed Marriage and Family Therapist) 38.LMHC (Licensed Mental Health Counselor) 39.LMSW (Licensed Master Social Worker) 40. Marriage & Family Therapist 41. Massage Therapist 42. Medical Physicist, diagnostic radiology 43. Medical Physicist, medical health 44. Medical Physicist, medical nuclear 45. Medical Physicist, therapeutic radiology 46.Medicine (physician, including MDs & DOs)

47. Medicine, 3-year limited license 48.Mental Health Counselor 49.Midwife 50.Nurse. LPN 51.Nurse, RN 52.Nurse, Practical 53.Nurse Practitioner - All Specialties 54.Nurse Practitioner - Acute Care 55.Nurse Practitioner - Adult Health 56.Nurse Practitioner - College Health 57.Nurse Practitioner - Community Health 58.Nurse Practitioner - Family Health 59. Nurse Practitioner - Gerontology 60.Nurse Practitioner - Holistic Nursing 61.Nurse Practitioner - Neonatology 62. Nurse Practitioner - Obstetrics & Gynecology 63.Nurse Practitioner - Oncology 64.Nurse Practitioner - Palliative Care 65.Nurse Practitioner - Pediatrics 66.Nurse Practitioner - Perinatology 67. Nurse Practitioner - Psychiatry 68.Nurse Practitioner - School Health 69.Nurse Practitioner - Women's Health 70. Occupational Therapy Assistant 71.Occupational Therapist 72.Ophthalmic Dispenser 73.Optometrist 74.Pharmacist 75. Physical Therapist 76. Physical Therapist Assistant 77. Physician Assistant 78.Physician 79.Podiatrist 80.Professional Engineer 81.Psychoanalyst 82.Psychologist 83.Public Accountant 84. Registered Physician Assistant 85.Registered Specialist Assistant 86.Registered Professional Nurse 87. Respiratory Therapist 88. Respiratory Therapy Technician 89.Social Worker (LCSW) 90.Social Worker (LMSW)

91.Specialist Assistant 92.Speech-Language Pathologist 93.Veterinarian

When you see "driver's licenses" here is what that means:
2.The standard driver's license most "normal" people have
3.Bus Driver
4.Truck Driver (trucks having a GVWR (gross vehicle weight) over 26,000lbs)
5.Taxi and Livery Drivers, (less than 14 passengers)

When you see "occupational license" here is what that means:2.Business Licenses3.Supplemental business licenses4.Conditional driver's license for the use to and from work or school.

When you see "recreational license" here is what that means:
2.Fishing license
3.Amateur radio license (HAM radio)
4.Boating license
5.Pilot license
6.Hunting license
7.Trapping license
8.Snowmobile license
9.Personal Water Craft license
10.ATV license
11.Ethanol distillation license

If you participate in any of these activities, you can't get the license without the number. What number you ask? The SSN If you think you are not included because none of the above applies to you, just wait a couple of years when one of the New Employee Verification Acts gets made into law under the guise of "immigration reform."

Not only that, but how do you get a bank account without an SSN? You have to have the bank account to get the checking account or ATM or Debit card, and you can't get the bank account without the number. You used to be able to get a non-interest bearing account, but they shut that one down two decades ago. And don't even think about filing out one of those credit applications without the number. Forget buying a car unless you pay cash. (Which of course will cause an SAR, now known as TD F 90-22.56 - FinCEN to be filed and guess what number is required? Forget about owning a house without the number unless you happened to get one before all these laws were implemented.

Not only does 42 US **666** mandate the SSN, but it links all government databases. (Like these that will have the detailed information of over 300 million Americans.) And 42 US **666** mandates the computerization and modernization of such databases to be readily available:

42 US **666** (14) High-volume, automated administrative enforcement in interstate cases.— (A) In general.— Procedures under which—

(i) the State shall use high-volume automated administrative enforcement, to the same extent as used for intrastate cases, in response to a request made by another State to enforce support orders, and shall promptly report the results of such enforcement procedure to the requesting State;

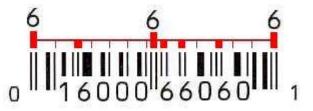
Need more proof? It'll help if you know the full scope of the problem. You probably think the Social Security Administration was a creation by the Roosevelt administration in 1932. That's only partially true. The ISSA (International Social Security Administration) actually predates Roosevelt's system by 5 years. You might also think the United States is the only country that has SSNs. But again you'd be wrong. At least 190 (at last count) countries participate in the Social Security System. Thus its worldwide.

Also as an addendum, they passed a law in 2002 that opens the door to requiring an SSN to be able to register to vote. The link between the SSN and the Mark of the Beast as foretold in the book of Revelations, I thought others might like to see just how far this has come. The relevant law is: H.R. 3295, "Help America Vote Act of 2002". So, how well do all of these fit Biblical Prophecy?

# First Thing A Scanner Looks For – 666

The very first thing a scanner looks for when reading a retail bar code is the number "666"! Only after finding this number can it go on to read the rest of the code! There is a somewhat rare shorter version of retail bar-code that is basically half the length of the usual bar-code. In these codes, two 6s are always together on the right end of the code in a 1-1-1-1-1-1sequence. This sequence always starts with a white bar so it ends in black.

Now take a look at as many UPC bar-codes as you like, and every time, you will see the **"666**" hidden in it! I shared my own personal experience what the postmaster told me when I was told to get the UPC barcode on my publication in 1985. No UPC bar code, no use of the U.S. Postal Mail!



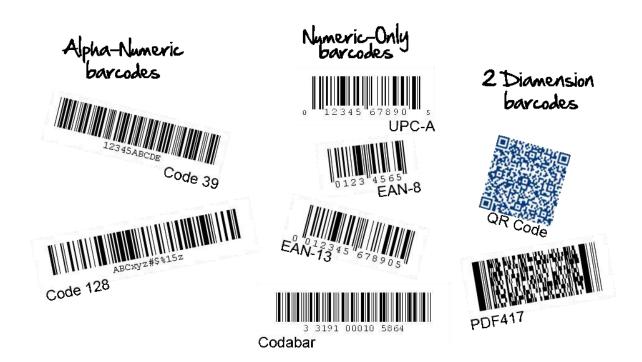
In Part 1, I stated: The introduction of the telecommunications industry is bringing it all into focus with the roll out of 5G technology. 5G is more than just a communications system. It's far worse than you can ever imagine. <u>5G is a weapons system and a control system as well!</u> We have been watching a long process, slowly evolving into what will be a system of control, capable of terminating one's life at will. To learn more about 5G, I recommend you listen to Joe Imbriano, host of the 'Fullerton Informer.com.' Joe Imbriano lives in Fullerton, California and is scientifically trained to know the effects of 5G on all forms of life.

"5G is a weapons system, not a communications system. It should be banned outright and a complete review conducted of alternative means of achieving the next level of connectivity. I warned the US Government about electromagnetic vulnerabilities in 1994 and was ignored. IT/AI today is causing direct mental and physical health anomalies and disabilities. Proceeding on 5G is in my view an impeachable offense." This is the opinion of former Marine officer, and CIA agent, Robert David Steele.

Paul Craig Roberts, former Economics adviser to President Ronald Reagan, and host of the "Institute for Political Economy", said this: *"5G Wireless Will Kill Us. We can stop worrying about Social Security. No one will live long enough to collect it. But health care will absorb the national income."* 

Every electronic device has inside it or on the outside the UPC bar code, each and every device uses the UPC bar code which connects through the 5G system with every other electronic device. They will connect with no fewer than 20,000 Satellites encasing the planet in an intense field of microwave radiation.





The above illustration samples of the (UPC) Universal Product Code are a small sampling of at least three-dozen different variants bar codes developed for the purpose of product identification. Below is a chart of diverse examples incorporating the basic design built around the structure where **"666"** or inverted **"999"**. All of the approximately three-dozen different variants use the same basic numerical key – **"666/999"**.

No one will be left out of this "space" dragnet. If you have even one device: a single cell phone, a Wi-Fi router for your smart television or remote fax machine, printer, personal computer, lap top, or smart appliances, refrigerator, washers and dryers, then you are included. There will be no exemptions, ALL, will be included. Most folks will be required to pay for their own upgrade for a 5G compatible Wi-Fi router. The telecommunications will offer inducement of free installation of 5G. One company, Verizon, announced in the fall of 2018, has priced it at \$79.95 a month with free installation.

Each 5G phone will contain dozens of tiny antennas, all working together to track and aim a narrowly focused beam at the nearest cell tower. In America, the U.S. Federal Communications Commission (FCC) has permitted the effective power of those beams to be as much as 20 watts, ten times more powerful than the levels permitted for current phones using 3G and 4G.

At least five international companies, including defense companies like Boeing, are proposing to provide 5G from space from a combined 20,000 satellites in low and medium Earth orbit that will blanket the Earth with powerful, focused, steerable beams.

The alteration of the Earth's electromagnetic environment may be an even greater threat to life than the radiation from ground-based antennas where the harmful effects of radio frequency radiation have already been proven.

The World Health Organization's International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) produced recently overwhelming evidence, including the latest studies on cell phone use and brain cancer risks, indicating that <u>RF radiation is proven carcinogenic to humans and should</u> now be classified as a "Group 1 carcinogen" along with tobacco smoke and asbestos.

As dramatic as it sounds, the deployment of 5G satellites and their accompanying earth stations must be stopped now. This is a last chance situation so people must take to the streets all over the world, as they did in Paris, and force, or change, their governments.

2019 could be the year of revolutions as we the people become ever increasingly disenchanted with our incompetent and, in most cases, corrupt bureaucrats and politicians along with hopeless and useless world institutions like the UN and the EU.

I have been reading Dr. Jonathan Halpern's book 'Electromagnetic Radiation Survival Guide'. Dr. Halpern first became aware of the adverse effects of Electromagnetic Radiation (EMR) when he started using his first cell phone in the late 1990's. He discovered that he was Electro Hypersensitive (EHS) long before he knew the term actually existed. I learned that I was Electro Hypersensitive in the Army. When I came into close contact with a field compass or walked into a room when a television was on, my presence would cause static on the television picture tube. Manufacturers of televisions subsequently modified their TV's to eliminate the problem.

Blessings,

Pastor Bob, EvanTeachr@aol.com